## **SENATE BILL No. 109**

#### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 3-13; IC 5-8; IC 20-3-11-3.1; IC 20-5-3-3.5.

**Synopsis:** Vacancies caused by death. Establishes a procedure to give notice of the death of an officeholder to begin the process of filling the vacancy in office. Changes the time limit for holding a meeting or caucus to fill a vacancy.

Effective: July 1, 2004.

## **Dillon**

January 6, 2004, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and Civic Affairs.



y



#### Second Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2004)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2003 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

# C

### SENATE BILL No. 109

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:



- SECTION 1. IC 3-13-4-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. (a) **This section applies to** a vacancy that occurs other than by resignation, in a state office other than governor, lieutenant governor, or a judicial office.
- (b) If a state officer wants to resign from office, the state officer must resign as provided in IC 5-8-3.5.
- (c) A vacancy that occurs in a state office because of the death of the state officer may be certified to the governor under IC 5-8-6.
- (d) A vacancy that occurs in a state office other than by resignation or death shall be certified to the governor by the circuit court clerk of the county in which the officer resided.
- (b) (e) The governor shall fill a vacancy in a state office other than governor, lieutenant governor, or a judicial office shall be filled by appointment. by The governor may not fill a vacancy as provided by law until the governor receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6.
- (f) The person who is appointed by the governor holds office for the remainder of the unexpired term and until a successor is elected and



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

qualified.
------------

2.8

SECTION 2. IC 3-13-5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.26-2000, SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 1. (a) A vacancy in a legislative office shall be filled by a caucus comprised of the precinct committeemen from the senate or house district where the vacancy exists who represent the same political party that elected or selected the person who held the vacated seat.

- (b) Not later than thirty (30) days after the vacancy occurs (or as provided in subsection (c)), subsections (c) and (d)), the caucus shall meet and select a person to fill the vacancy by a majority vote of those casting a vote for a candidate, including vice committeemen eligible to vote as a proxy under section 5 of this chapter.
- (c) A state chairman may give notice of a caucus before the time specified under subsection (b) if a vacancy will exist because the official has:
  - (1) submitted a written resignation under IC 5-8-3.5 that has not yet taken effect; or
  - (2) been elected to another office.
- (d) If a vacancy in a legislative office exists because of the death of the legislator, the caucus shall meet and select a person to fill the vacancy not later than thirty (30) days after the state chairman receives notice of the death of the legislator from the secretary of state under IC 5-8-6.
- (e) Notwithstanding IC 5-8-4, a person may not withdraw the person's resignation after the resignation has been accepted by the person authorized to accept the resignation less than seventy-two (72) hours before the announced starting time of the caucus under this chapter.
- (e) (f) The person selected must reside in the district where the vacancy occurred.

SECTION 3.IC 3-13-5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2. (a) The state chairman of the political party that elected or selected the person who held the vacated seat shall set the place, date, and time of a caucus meeting. The chairman shall send a notice, by first class mail, of the purpose, place, date, and time of the meeting to all precinct committeemen in the caucus at least ten (10) days before the meeting.

(b) If a vacancy in a legislative office exists because of the death of the legislator, the state chairman may not send the notice required by subsection (a) until the state chairman receives notice of the death from the secretary of state under IC 5-8-6.











SECTION 4. IC 3-13-6-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 1. (a) As used in this section,
"judge" refers to a judge of a circuit, superior, probate, or county
court.
(b) If a judge wants to resign from office, the judge must resign
as provided in IC 5-8-3.5.
(c) A vacancy that occurs because of the death of a judge may
be certified to the governor under IC 5-8-6.
(d) A vacancy that occurs other than by resignation in the office or
death of a judge of a circuit, superior, probate, or county court shall be
certified to the governor by the circuit court clerk of the county in
which the judge resided.
(b) (e) A vacancy in the office of judge of a circuit court shall be
filled by the governor as provided by Article 5, Section 18 of the
Constitution of the State of Indiana. However, the governor may not
fill a vacancy that occurs because of the death of a judge until the
governor is notified of the death under IC 5-8-6. The person who is
appointed holds the office until:
(1) the end of the unexpired term; or
(2) a successor is elected at the next general election and
qualified;
whichever occurs first. The person elected at the general election
following an appointment to fill the vacancy, upon being qualified,
holds office for the six (6) year term prescribed by Article 7, Section 7
of the Constitution of the State of Indiana and until a successor is
elected and qualified.
(c) (f) A vacancy in the office of judge of a superior, probate, or
county court shall be filled by the governor subject to the following:
(1) IC 33-5-5.1-37.1.
(2) IC 33-5-5.1-41.1.
(3) IC 33-5-29.5-39.
(4) IC 33-5-40-44.
However, the governor may not fill a vacancy that occurs because
of the death of a judge until the governor is notified of the death
under IC 5-8-6. The person who is appointed holds office for the
remainder of the unexpired term.
SECTION 5. IC 3-13-7-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2. (a) This section applies to a
vacancy in a county elected office (other than county council) not
covered by section 1 of this chapter.
(b) A vacancy shall be filled by the board of commissioners of the
county at a regular or special meeting. The county auditor shall give



1	notice of the meeting. which Except as provided in subsection (d),
2	the meeting shall be held within not later than thirty (30) days after
3	the vacancy occurs. The notice must:
4	(1) be in writing;
5	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
6	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
7	(4) be sent by first class mail to each commissioner at least ten
8	(10) days before the meeting.
9	(b) (c) Selections made under this section (or under IC 3-2-10-3(a)
10	before its repeal on March 4, 1986) are appointments pro tempore for
11	the purposes of Article 2, Section 11 of the Constitution of the State of
12	Indiana.
13	(d) If a vacancy occurs because of the death of an elected county
14	officer, the board of commissioners shall meet and select an
15	individual to fill the vacancy not later than thirty (30) days after
16	the county auditor receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. The
17	county auditor may not give the notice required under subsection
18	(b) until the county auditor receives notice of the death under
19	IC 5-8-6.
20	SECTION 6. IC 3-13-7-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
21	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. (a) This section applies to a
22	vacancy in a county council not covered by section 1 of this chapter.
23	(b) A vacancy shall be filled by a majority of the remaining
24	members of the council at a regular or special meeting. The county
25	auditor shall give notice of the meeting. which Except as provided in
26	subsection (c), the meeting shall be held within not later than thirty
27	(30) days after the vacancy occurs. The notice must:
28	(1) be in writing;
29	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
30	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
31	(4) be sent by first class mail to each council member at least ten
32	(10) days before the meeting.
33	(c) If a vacancy occurs because of the death of a county council
34	member, the county council shall meet and select an individual to
35	fill the vacancy not later than thirty (30) days after the county
36	auditor receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. The county
37	auditor may not give the notice required under subsection (b) until
38	the county auditor receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6.
39	SECTION 7. IC 3-13-8-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
40	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2. (a) As used in this section,
41	"judge" refers to a judge of a city court.
42	(b) If a judge wishes to resign from office, the judge must resign



1	as provided in IC 5-8-3.5.
2	(c) A vacancy that occurs because of the death of a judge may
3	be certified to the governor under IC 5-8-6.
4	(d) A vacancy that occurs, other than by resignation in the office or
5	<b>death</b> of <b>a</b> judge, <del>of a city court</del> shall be certified to the governor by the
6	circuit court clerk of the county in which the judge resided.
7	(b) (e) A vacancy in the office of judge of a city court shall be filled
8	by the governor. However, the governor may not fill a vacancy that
9	occurs because of the death of a judge until the governor receives
10	notice of the death under IC 5-8-6.
11	SECTION 8. IC 3-13-8-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
12	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. (a) This section applies to a
13	vacancy in the office of mayor of a first class city not covered by
14	section 1 of this chapter.
15	(b) The vacancy shall be filled by the city-county council at a
16	regular or special meeting. The city clerk shall give notice of the
17	meeting. which Except as provided in subsection (d), the meeting
18	shall be held within not later than thirty (30) days after the vacancy
19	occurs. The notice must:
20	(1) be in writing;
21	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
22	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
23	(4) be sent by first class mail to each council member at least ten
24	(10) days before the meeting.
25	(b) (c) The city clerk shall preside at the meeting but may not vote
26	unless there is a tie vote among the members of the council. The
27	council must appoint one (1) of its own members to the office. Until the
28	vacancy is filled, the president of the council shall serve as acting
29	mayor.
30	(d) If a vacancy exists because of the death of the mayor, the
31	council shall meet and select an individual to fill the vacancy not
32	later than thirty (30) days after the city clerk receives notice of the
33	death under IC 5-8-6. The city clerk may not give notice required
34	under subsection (b) until the city clerk receives notice of the death
35	under IC 5-8-6.
36	SECTION 9. IC 3-13-8-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
37	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) This section applies to a
38	vacancy in the city-county council of a first class city not covered by
39	section 1 of this chapter.
40	(b) A vacancy shall be filled by a majority of the remaining
41	members of the council at a regular or special meeting. The city clerk

shall give notice of the meeting. which Except as provided in



42

1	subsection (c), the meeting shall be held within not later than thirty
2	(30) days after the vacancy occurs. The notice must:
3	(1) be in writing;
4	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
5	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
6	(4) be sent by first class mail to each council member at least ten
7	(10) days before the meeting.
8	(c) If a vacancy exists because of the death of a council member,
9	the council shall meet and select an individual to fill the vacancy
.0	not later than thirty (30) days after the city clerk receives notice of
.1	the death under IC 5-8-6. The city clerk may not give the notice
.2	required under subsection (b) until the city clerk receives notice of
.3	the death under IC 5-8-6.
.4	(b) (d) The appointed member serves until a successor is elected
.5	and qualified at the next municipal or general election, whichever
.6	occurs first. The successor serves from noon January 1 following that
.7	election to noon January 1 following the next municipal election, as
8	provided in IC 36-3-4-2. The persons appointed and elected must be
9	resident voters in the district where the vacancy occurred, unless the
20	vacancy occurred in an at large seat.
21	SECTION 10. IC 3-13-8-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 5. (a) This section
23	applies to a vacancy in the office of mayor of a second class city not
24	covered by section 1 of this chapter.
25	(b) A vacancy shall be filled as follows:
26	(1) If the city has a deputy mayor, the deputy mayor assumes the
27	office for the remainder of the unexpired term.
28	(2) If the city does not have a deputy mayor, the city controller
29	assumes the office for the remainder of the unexpired term.
30	(3) If the city does not have a deputy mayor and the office of city
31	controller is vacant, the common council shall fill the vacancy at
32	a regular or special meeting.
33	(b) (c) The city clerk shall give notice of the meeting required under
34	subsection (a)(3), which (b)(3). Except as provided in subsection (d),
35	the meeting shall be held within not later than thirty (30) days after
66	the vacancy occurs. The notice must:
37	(1) be in writing;
8	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
19	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
10	(4) be sent by first class mail to each council member at least ten
1	(10) days before the meeting.
12	(d) If a vacancy exists because of the death of the mayor, the
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



1	council shall meet and select an individual to fill the vacancy not
2	later than thirty (30) days after the city clerk receives notice of the
3	death under IC 5-8-6. The city clerk may not give the notice
4	required under subsection (c) until the city clerk receives notice of
5	the death under IC 5-8-6.
6	(c) (e) Until the vacancy is filled, the council shall designate one (1)
7	of its members to serve as acting mayor.
8	SECTION 11. IC 3-13-8-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 6. (a) This section
0	applies to a vacancy in the office of city clerk of a second class city not
1	covered by section 1 of this chapter.
2	(b) A vacancy shall be filled by the mayor or acting mayor, subject
3	to the approval of the common council. However, if a vacancy exists
4	because of the death of the city clerk, the mayor or acting mayor
5	may not fill the vacancy until the mayor or acting mayor is notified
6	of the death under IC 5-8-6.
7	(b) (c) The common council shall vote on the question of approving
8	the mayor or acting mayor's appointment at a regular or special
9	meeting. The president of the common council shall give notice of the
0	meeting, which shall be held within not later than thirty (30) days
1	after the appointment is made. The notice must:
2	(1) be in writing;
3	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
4	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
5	(4) be sent by first class mail to each council member at least ten
6	(10) days before the meeting.
7	SECTION 12. IC 3-13-8-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 7. (a) This section
9	applies to a vacancy in the common council of a second class city not
0	covered by section 1 of this chapter.
1	(b) A vacancy shall be filled by the remaining members of the
2	council at a regular or special meeting. The city clerk shall give notice
3	of the meeting. which Except as provided in subsection (c), the
4	meeting shall be held within not later than thirty (30) days after the
5	vacancy occurs. The notice must:
6	(1) be in writing;
7	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
8	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
9	(4) be sent by first class mail to each council member at least ten
0	(10) days before the meeting.
1	(c) If a vacancy exists because of the death of a council member,
2	the council shall meet and select an individual to fill the vacancy



1	not later than thirty (30) days after the city clerk receives notice of
2	the death under IC 5-8-6. The city clerk may not give the notice
3	required under subsection (b) until the city clerk receives notice of
4	the death under IC 5-8-6.
5	SECTION 13. IC 3-13-8-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 8. (a) This section
7	applies to a vacancy in the office of mayor of a third class city not
8	covered by section 1 of this chapter.
9	(b) A vacancy shall be filled as follows:
10	(1) If the city has a deputy mayor, the deputy mayor assumes the
11	office for the remainder of the unexpired term.
12	(2) If the city does not have a deputy mayor, the common council
13	shall fill the vacancy at a regular or special meeting.
14	(b) (c) The city clerk-treasurer shall give notice of the meeting
15	required under subsection (a)(2), which (b)(2). Except as provided in
16	subsection (d), the meeting shall be held within not later than thirty
17	(30) days after the vacancy occurs. The notice must:
18	(1) be in writing;
19	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
20	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
21	(4) be sent by first class mail to each council member at least ten
22	(10) days before the meeting.
23	(d) If a vacancy exists because of the death of the mayor, the
24	council shall meet and select an individual to fill the vacancy not
25	later than thirty (30) days after the city clerk-treasurer receives
26	notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. The city clerk-treasurer may
27	not give the notice required under subsection (c) until the city
28	clerk-treasurer receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6.
29	(c) (e) Until the vacancy is filled, the council shall designate one (1)
30	of its members to serve as acting mayor.
31	SECTION 14. IC 3-13-8-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 9. (a) This section
33	applies to a vacancy in the office of city clerk-treasurer of a third class
34	city not covered by section 1 of this chapter.
35	(b) The vacancy shall be filled by the mayor or acting mayor,
36	subject to the approval of the common council. However, if a vacancy
37	exists because of the death of the city clerk-treasurer, the mayor or
38	acting mayor may not fill the vacancy until the mayor or acting
39	mayor is notified of the death under IC 5-8-6.
40	(b) (c) The common council shall vote on the question of approving
41	the mayor or acting mayor's appointment at a regular or special

meeting. The mayor shall give notice of the meeting, which shall be



1	held within not later than thirty (30) days after the appointment is
2	made. The notice must:
3	(1) be in writing;
4	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
5	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
6	(4) be sent by first class mail to each council member at least ten
7	(10) days before the meeting.
8	SECTION 15. IC 3-13-8-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 10. (a) This section
10	applies to a vacancy in the common council of a third class city not
11	covered by section 1 of this chapter.
12	(b) A vacancy shall be filled by the remaining members of the
13	council at a regular or special meeting. The city executive may break
14	any tie vote.
15	(b) (c) The city clerk-treasurer shall give notice of the meeting.
16	which Except as provided in subsection (d), the meeting shall be
17	held within not later than thirty (30) days after the vacancy occurs.
18	The notice must:
19	(1) be in writing;
20	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
21	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
22	(4) be sent by first class mail to each council member at least ten
23	(10) days before the meeting.
24	(d) If a vacancy exists because of the death of a council member,
25	the council shall meet and select an individual to fill the vacancy
26	not later than thirty (30) days after the city clerk-treasurer
27	receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. The city
28	clerk-treasurer may not give the notice required under subsection
29	(c) until the city clerk-treasurer receives notice of the death under
30	IC 5-8-6.
31	SECTION 16. IC 3-13-9-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2. (a) This section
33	applies to a vacancy in the office of judge of a town court that is:
34	(1) not covered by section 1 of this chapter; or
35	(2) covered by section 1 of this chapter, but exists existing after
36	the thirtieth day after the vacancy occurs.
37	(b) A vacancy shall be filled by the town council at a regular or
38	special meeting.
39	(b) (c) The town clerk-treasurer shall give notice of the meeting.
40 41	which Except as provided in subsections (e) and (f), the meeting
41	shall be held:
42	(1) within <b>not later than</b> thirty (30) days after the vacancy occurs



if the vacancy is not covered by section 1 of this chapter; or
(2) within <b>not later than</b> sixty (60) days after the vacancy occurs
if the vacancy is covered by section 1 of this chapter and exists
for more than thirty (30) days.
(c) (d) The notice must:
(1) be in writing;
(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
(4) be sent by first class mail to each council member at least ten
(10) days before the meeting.
(e) If a vacancy:
(1) is not covered by section 1 of this chapter; and
(2) exists because of the death of a judge;
the council shall meet and select an individual to fill the vacancy
not later than thirty (30) days after the town clerk-treasurer
receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. The town
clerk-treasurer may not give the notice required under subsection
(c) until the town clerk-treasurer receives notice of the death under
IC 5-8-6.
(f) If a vacancy:
(1) is covered by section 1 of this chapter;
(2) exists because of the death of a judge; and
(3) exists for more than thirty (30) days;
the council shall meet and select an individual to fill the vacancy
not later than sixty (60) days after the town clerk-treasurer
receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. The town
clerk-treasurer may not give the notice required under subsection
(c) until the town clerk-treasurer receives notice of the death under
IC 5-8-6.
SECTION 17. IC 3-13-9-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. (a) This section
applies to a vacancy in the office of town clerk-treasurer:
(1) not covered by section 1 of this chapter; or
(2) covered by section 1 of this chapter, but existing after the
thirtieth day after the vacancy occurs.
(b) A vacancy shall be filled by the town council at a regular or
special meeting.
(b) (c) The president of the town council shall give notice of the
meeting. which Except as provided in subsections (e) and (f), the
meeting shall be held:
(1) within not later than thirty (30) days after the vacancy occurs
if the vacancy is not covered by section 1 of this chapter; or



1	(2) within not later than sixty (60) days after the vacancy occurs
2	if the vacancy is covered by section 1 of this chapter and exists
3	for more than thirty (30) days.
4	(c) (d) The notice must:
5	(1) be in writing;
6	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
7	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
8	(4) be sent by first class mail to each council member at least ten
9	(10) days before the meeting.
0	(e) If a vacancy:
.1	(1) is not covered by section 1 of this chapter; and
2	(2) exists because of the death of the town clerk-treasurer;
.3	the council shall meet and select an individual to fill the vacancy
4	not later than thirty (30) days after the president of the town
.5	council receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. The president
6	of the town council may not give the notice required under
7	subsection (c) until the president of the town council receives notice
. 8	of the death under IC 5-8-6.
9	(f) If a vacancy:
20	(1) is covered by section 1 of this chapter;
21	(2) exists because of the death of the town clerk-treasurer;
22	and
23	(3) exists for more than thirty (30) days;
24	the council shall meet and select an individual to fill the vacancy
25	not later than sixty (60) days after the president of the town council
26	receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. The president of the
27	town council may not give the notice required under subsection (c)
28	until the president of the town council receives notice of the death
29	under IC 5-8-6.
0	SECTION 18. IC 3-13-9-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2003,
31	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) This section applies to a vacancy in the
3	town council:
4	(1) not covered by section 1 of this chapter; or
55	(2) covered by section 1 of this chapter, but existing after the
66	thirtieth day after the vacancy occurs.
57	<b>(b)</b> The vacancy shall be filled by the remaining members of the
8	council at a regular or special meeting.
19	(b) (c) The town clerk-treasurer shall give notice of the meeting.
10	Except as provided in subsection (d) or subsections (e), (f), (g), and
1	(h), the meeting shall be held:
12	(1) within <b>not later than</b> thirty (30) days after the vacancy occurs



1	if the vacancy is not covered by section 1 of this chapter; or
2	(2) within not later than sixty (60) days after the vacancy occurs
3	if the vacancy is covered by section 1 of this chapter and exists for
4	more than thirty (30) days.
5	(c) (d) The notice must:
6	(1) be in writing;
7	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
8	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
9	(4) be sent by first class mail to each council member at least ten
10	(10) days before the meeting.
11	(d) Notwithstanding subsection (b), (e) If a vacancy:
12	(1) is not covered by subsection (f) or section 1 of this chapter;
13	and
14	(2) exists because a circumstance has occurred under
15	<del>IC 36-5-2-6.5(2) through</del> IC 36-5-2-6.5(3);
16	the town council shall meet and select an individual to fill the vacancy
17	not later than thirty (30) days after the town council determines that a
18	circumstance has occurred under IC 36-5-2-6.5(2) through
19	IC 36-5-2-6.5(3).
20	(f) If a vacancy:
21	(1) is not covered by subsection (e) or section 1 of this chapter;
22	and
23	(2) exists because a circumstance has occurred under
24	IC 36-5-2-6.5(2);
25	the town council shall meet and select an individual to fill the
26	vacancy not later than thirty (30) days after the town
27	clerk-treasurer receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. The
28	town clerk-treasurer may not give the notice required by
29	subsection (c) until the town clerk-treasurer receives notice of the
30	death under IC 5-8-6.
31	(e) Notwithstanding subsection (b), (g) If a vacancy:
32	(1) is covered by section 1 of this chapter <b>and not covered by</b>
33	subsection (h);
34	(2) exists because a circumstance has occurred under
35	I <del>C 36-5-2-6.5(2) through</del> IC 36-5-2-6.5(3); and
36	(3) exists for more than thirty (30) days;
37	the council shall meet and select an individual to fill the vacancy not
38	later than sixty (60) days after the town council determines that a
39 40	circumstance has occurred under <del>IC 36-5-2-6.5(2) through</del>
40 41	IC 36-5-2-6.5(3).
41 42	(h) If a vacancy:  (1) is assumed by section 1 of this shorter and not assumed by
42	(1) is covered by section 1 of this chapter and not covered by



	10
1	subsection (g);
2	(2) exists because a circumstance has occurred under
3	IC 36-5-2-6.5(2); and
4	(3) exists for more than thirty (30) days;
5	the council shall meet and select an individual to fill the vacancy
6	not later than sixty (60) days after the town clerk-treasurer
7	receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. The town
8	clerk-treasurer may not give the notice required by subsection (c)
9	until the town clerk-treasurer receives notice of the death under
10	IC 5-8-6.
11	SECTION 19. IC 3-13-10-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2. (a) This section
13	applies to a vacancy in the office of township trustee not covered by
14	section 1 of this chapter.
15	<b>(b)</b> The vacancy shall be filled by the board of commissioners of
16	the county at a regular or special meeting. The county auditor shall give
17	notice of the meeting. which Except as provided in subsection (c), the
18	meeting shall be held within not later than thirty (30) days after the
19	vacancy occurs. The notice must:
20	(1) be in writing;
21	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
22	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
23	(4) be sent by first class mail to each commissioner at least ten
24	(10) days before the meeting.
25	(c) If the vacancy exists because of the death of the township
26	trustee, the board of commissioners shall meet and select an
27	individual to fill the vacancy not later than thirty (30) days after
28	the county auditor receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. The
29	county auditor may not give the notice required under subsection
30	(b) until the county auditor receives notice of the death under
31	IC 5-8-6.
32	SECTION 20. IC 3-13-10-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2002,
33	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. (a) This section applies to a vacancy in the
35	office of township assessor not covered by section 1 of this chapter.
36	(b) A vacancy shall be filled by the county assessor, subject to the
37	approval of the department of local government finance. Except as
38	provided in subsection (c), the county assessor shall make the
39	appointment within not later than thirty (30) days after the vacancy
40	occurs. If the vacancy occurred because the elected township assessor

failed to qualify or was removed, the person who is appointed must be

of the same political party as the elected township assessor.



41

1	(c) If a vacancy exists because of the death of the township
2	assessor, the county assessor shall make the appointment required
3	under subsection (b) not later than thirty (30) days after the county
4	assessor receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. The county
5	assessor may not fill the vacancy as required by subsection (b) until
6	the county assessor receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6.
7	SECTION 21. IC 3-13-10-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) This section
9	applies to a vacancy on the township board of a township not covered
.0	by section 1 of this chapter.
. 1	<b>(b)</b> A vacancy shall be filled by the board of commissioners of the
.2	county at a regular or special meeting. The county auditor shall give
.3	notice of the meeting. which Except as provided in subsection (c), the
4	meeting shall be held within not later than thirty (30) days after the
.5	vacancy occurs. The notice must:
6	(1) be in writing;
.7	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
. 8	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
9	(4) be sent by first class mail to each commissioner at least ten
20	(10) days before the meeting.
2.1	(c) If a vacancy exists because of the death of a township board
22	member, the meeting required under subsection (b) shall be held
23	not later than thirty (30) days after the county auditor receives
24	notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. The county auditor may not
25	give the notice required under subsection (b) until the county
26	auditor receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6.
27	SECTION 22. IC 3-13-10-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
28	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 5. (a) This section
29	applies to a vacancy in the office of judge of a small claims court or
30	small claims court constable not covered by section 1 of this chapter.
31	<b>(b)</b> A vacancy shall be filled by the township board at a regular or
32	special meeting. The chairman of the township board shall give notice
3	of the meeting. which Except as provided in subsection (c), the
4	meeting shall be held within not later than thirty (30) days after the
35	vacancy occurs. The notice must:
66	(1) be in writing;
37	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
8	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
9	(4) be sent by first class mail to each board member at least ten
10	(10) days before the meeting.
1	(c) If a vacancy exists because of the death of a judicial officer,
12	the meeting required under subsection (b) shall be held not later



than thirty (30) days after the chairman of the township board receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. The chairman of the township board may not give the notice required under subsection (b) until the chairman of the township board receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6.

SECTION 23. IC 3-13-11-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-2002, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection subsections (b) and (c) and section 3.5 of this chapter, not later than ten (10) days after a vacancy occurs in an office subject to this chapter, the county chairman:

- (1) of the county in which the greatest percentage of the population of the election district of the office is located; and
- (2) of the same political party that elected or selected the official who vacated the office;

shall give notice of a caucus to all eligible precinct committeemen.

- (b) A county chairman may give notice of a caucus before the time specified under subsection (a) if a vacancy will exist because the official has:
  - (1) submitted a written resignation under IC 5-8-3.5; or
  - (2) been elected to another office.
- (c) Notwithstanding IC 5-8-4, a person may not withdraw the person's resignation after the resignation has been accepted by the person authorized to accept the resignation less than seventy-two (72) hours before the announced starting time of a caucus under this section.
- (d) Except as provided in **subsection (e) and** section 3.5 of this chapter, a caucus under this section shall be held after giving notice to caucus members under section 4 of this chapter and not later than thirty (30) days after the vacancy occurs.
- (e) If a vacancy exists in an office because a circumstance has occurred under IC 36-5-2-6.5(2), the caucus shall meet and select an individual to fill the vacancy not later than thirty (30) days after the county chairman receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. The county chairman shall give notice to caucus members under section 4 of this chapter. The county chairman may not give the notice required under section 4 of this chapter until the county chairman receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6.

SECTION 24. IC 3-13-11-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2003, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3.5. (a) If a vacancy exists on a town council because a circumstance has occurred under IC 36-5-2-6.5(2) through IC 36-5-2-6.5(3), the caucus shall meet and select an individual to fill











1 2

the vacancy not later than thirty (30) days after the county chairman receives a notice of the vacancy under IC 5-8-5. If the vacancy is due to the death of a town council member and the county chairman is aware of the member's death before receiving a notice of the death, the caucus may meet before the county chairman receives the notice of the death.

- (b) The county chairman shall:
  - (1) give notice of the caucus meeting to caucus members under section 4 of this chapter; and
- (2) keep the notice of the vacancy with the records of the caucus. SECTION 25. IC 5-8-5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2003, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 1. This chapter applies when a vacancy must be filled under:
  - (1) IC 3-13-9; or
  - (2) IC 3-13-11;

due to a reason set forth in IC 36-5-2-6.5(2) through IC 36-5-2-6.5(3). SECTION 26. IC 5-8-5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2003, SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. (a) The town council may hold a public meeting to determine whether a circumstance has occurred under IC 36-5-2-6.5(2) through IC 36-5-2-6.5(3) that results in a vacancy on the town council. The town council may set a meeting for making the determination on its own motion, or a person may petition the town council to set a meeting to make the determination. The town council may grant or deny a petition for a meeting.

(b) If a person files a petition with the council, the petition must state the basis for the person's claim that a circumstance has occurred under IC 36-5-2-6.5(2) through IC 36-5-2-6.5(3).

SECTION 27. IC 5-8-5-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2003, SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) If the town council is reasonably satisfied that any circumstance has occurred under IC 36-5-2-6.5(2) through IC 36-5-2-6.5(3), the council may, by an affirmative vote of a majority of the members appointed to the body, vote to declare a vacancy in the town council membership. The member who is alleged to have vacated the member's seat may participate in the meeting as a member, but may not vote on the issue.

(b) If the member who is the subject of the petition or motion does not attend the meeting at which the town council makes the determination that a vacancy exists, the town council shall mail notice of its determination to the member. C









1	(c) If the town council determines that a vacancy exists, the town	
2	clerk-treasurer shall give the circuit court clerk notice of the	
3	determination not later than five (5) days after the date of the town	
4	council's determination. The circuit court clerk shall give notice to the	
5	county chairman if a caucus is required under IC 3-13-11 to fill the	
6	vacancy.	
7	SECTION 28. IC 5-8-6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS	
8	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY	
9	1, 2004]:	
10	Chapter 6. Notice of Death of an Officeholder	
11	Sec. 1. This chapter applies when a vacancy must be filled	
12	under:	
13	(1) IC 3-13-4;	
14	(2) IC 3-13-5;	
15	(3) IC 3-13-6;	
16	(4) IC 3-13-7;	
17	(5) IC 3-13-8;	
18	(6) IC 3-13-9;	
19	(7) IC 3-13-10; or	
20	(8) IC 3-13-11;	
21	due to the death of an officeholder.	
22	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "officeholder" refers to a person	
23	who holds a state office, legislative office, local office, or school	
24	board office (as defined in IC 3-5-2).	_
25	Sec. 3. (a) A person who knows of the death of an officeholder	
26	may certify the death to the following:	
27	(1) The governor, in the case of the death of any of the	
28	following:	V
29	(A) An individual who holds a state office (as defined in	
30	IC 3-5-2-48).	
31	(B) An individual who is a judge of a circuit, superior,	
32	probate, county, or city court.	
33	(2) The secretary of state, in the case of the death of an	
34	individual who holds a legislative office.	
35	(3) The circuit court clerk of the county in which the	
36	officeholder resided, in the case of the death of an officeholder	
37	of a county, city, town, township, or school corporation not	
38	covered under subdivision (1).	
39	(b) A person who certifies the death of an officeholder shall:	
40	(1) state the information the person has that causes the person	
41	to believe the officeholder has died; and	
12	(2) certify, under the penalties for perjury, that to the best of	



1	the person's knowledge and belief, the information stated is
2	true.
3	Sec. 4. When the governor:
4	(1) obtains information concerning the death of an individual
5	who:
6	(A) holds a state office (as defined in IC 3-5-2-48); or
7	(B) is a judge of a circuit, superior, probate, county, or city
8	court; and
9	(2) is reasonably satisfied that the information described in
10	subdivision (1) is true;
11	the governor shall fill the vacancy as provided by law.
12	Sec. 5. (a) When the secretary of state:
13	(1) obtains information concerning the death of an individual
14	who holds a legislative office; and
15	(2) is reasonably satisfied that the information described in
16	subdivision (1) is true;
17	the secretary of state shall give notice of the death to the state
18	chairman of the political party that elected or selected the deceased
19	individual.
20	(b) The secretary of state shall give the notice required by
21	subsection (a) not later than seventy-two (72) hours after the
22	requirements of subsection $(a)(1)$ and $(a)(2)$ are satisfied.
23	Sec. 6. (a) When a circuit court clerk:
24	(1) obtains information concerning the death of an
25	officeholder of a county, city, town, township, or school
26	corporation not subject to section 4 of this chapter; and
27	(2) is reasonably satisfied that the information described in
28	subdivision (1) is true;
29	the circuit court clerk shall give notice of the death to the person
30	described in subsection (b).
31	(b) The circuit court clerk shall give the notice required by
32	subsection (a) to:
33	(1) the person who must give notice of any meeting or caucus
34	required to fill the vacancy caused by the death; or
35	(2) if a meeting or caucus is not required to fill the vacancy,
36	the person who has the power to fill the vacancy.
37	(c) The circuit court clerk shall give the notice required by
38	subsection (a) not later than seventy-two (72) hours after the
39	requirements of subsection $(a)(1)$ and $(a)(2)$ are satisfied.
40	SECTION 29. IC 20-3-11-3.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.38-2003,
41	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
42	JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3.1. (a) The board of school commissioners



consists of seven (7) members. Each member shall be elected on a nonpartisan basis in primary elections held in the county as specified in this section. Five (5) of the members shall be elected from the school board districts in which they reside and two (2) members shall be elected at large. Not more than two (2) of the members who serve on the board may reside in the same school board district. When a candidate runs for one (1) of the district positions on the board, only eligible voters residing in the candidate's district may vote for that candidate. When a person is a candidate for one (1) of the at-large positions, eligible voters from all the districts may vote for that candidate. When a candidate files to run for a position on the board, the candidate must specify whether the candidate is running for a district or an at-large position. All members elected to the board serve four (4) year terms. A candidate who runs for a district or an at-large position wins if the candidate receives the greatest number of votes of all the candidates against whom the candidate runs. Districts shall be established within the school corporation by the state board of education. The districts shall be drawn on the basis of precinct lines and as nearly as practicable, of equal population with the population of the largest not to exceed the population of the smallest by more than five percent (5%). District lines must not cross precinct lines. The state board of education shall establish balloting procedures for the election under IC 3 and other procedures required to implement this section.

- (b) Each member of the board of school commissioners serves under section 2 of this chapter. In accordance with subsection (e), the vacancies in the board of school commissioners shall be filled temporarily by the school board as soon as practicable after the vacancy occurs. The member chosen by the board to fill a vacancy holds office until the member's successor is elected and qualified. The successor shall be elected at the next regular school board election occurring after the date on which the vacancy occurs, at which time the vacancy shall be filled for the remainder of the term.
- (c) Persons elected to serve on the board begin their terms on July 1 of the year of their election.
- (d) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, voters shall cast their votes for school board candidates by voting system or paper ballot. However, the same method used to cast votes for all other offices for which candidates have qualified to be on the election ballot must be used for the school board offices.
- (e) If a vacancy in the board of school commissioners exists because of the death of a board member, the remaining members of the board shall meet and select an individual to fill the vacancy



1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

2004

C





y

receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. SECTION 30. IC 20-5-3-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	
AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY	
1, 2004]: Sec. 3.5. (a) This section applies to a school corporation	
subject to section 3 of this chapter.	
(b) The definitions in IC 3-5-2 apply to this section.	
(c) If a vacancy in a school board office exists because of the	
death of a school board member, the remaining members of the	
governing body shall meet and select an individual to fill the	
vacancy after the secretary of the governing body receives notice	
of the death under IC 5-8-6 and in accordance with section 3 of this	
chapter.	

